

Safety Symbols

In this operator's manual and on the product, safety symbols and signal words are used to communicate important safety information. This section is provided to improve understanding of these signal words and symbols.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.



DANGER DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.



NOTICE NOTICE indicates information that relates to the protection of property.



This symbol means read the operator's manual carefully before using the equipment. The operator's manual contains important information on the safe and proper operation of the equipment.

General Safety Rules

⚠ WARNING

Read all safety warnings and instructions. Failure to follow the warnings and instructions may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS!

The CE declaration of conformity (890-011-320) will accompany this manual as a separate booklet when required.

Work Area Safety

- **Keep your work area clean and well lit.** Cluttered or dark areas invite accidents.

- **Do not operate equipment in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases or dust.** Equipment can create sparks which may ignite the dust or fumes.
- **Keep children and by-standers away while operating equipment.** Distractions can cause you to lose control.

Electrical Safety

- **Avoid body contact with earthed or grounded surfaces such as pipes, radiators, ranges and refrigerators.** There is an increased risk of electrical shock if your body is earthed or grounded.
- **Do not expose equipment to rain or wet conditions.** Water entering equipment will increase the risk of electrical shock.

Personal Safety

- **Stay alert, watch what you are doing and use common sense when operating equipment. Do not use equipment while you are tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication.** A moment of inattention while operating equipment may result in serious personal injury.
- **Use personal protective equipment.** Always wear eye protection. Protective equipment such as dust mask, non-skid safety shoes, hard hat or hearing protection used for appropriate conditions will reduce personal injuries.
- **Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times.** This enables better control of the power tool in unexpected situations.

Equipment Use and Care

- **Do not force equipment. Use the correct equipment for your application.** The correct equipment will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it is designed.
- **Do not use equipment if the switch does not turn it ON and OFF.** Any tool that cannot be controlled with the switch is dangerous and must be repaired.
- **Disconnect the batteries from the equipment before making any adjustments, changing accessories or storing.** Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of injury.
- **Store idle equipment out of the reach of children and do not allow persons unfamiliar with the equipment or these instructions to operate the equipment.** Equipment can be dangerous in the hands of untrained users.
- **Maintain equipment.** Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, missing parts, breakage of parts and any other condition that may affect the equipment's operation. If damaged, have the equipment repaired before use. Many accidents are caused

by poorly maintained equipment

- **Use the equipment and accessories in accordance with these instructions, taking into account the working conditions and the work to be performed.** Use of the equipment for operations different from those intended could result in a hazardous situation.
- **Use only accessories that are recommended by the manufacturer for your equipment.** Accessories that may be suitable for one piece of equipment may become hazardous when used with other equipment.
- **Keep handles dry and clean; free from oil and grease.** Allows for better control of the equipment.

Service

- **Have your equipment serviced by a qualified repair person using only identical replacement parts.** This will ensure that the safety of the tool is maintained.

Specific Safety Information

⚠ WARNING

This section contains important safety information that is specific to this tool.

Read these precautions carefully before using the micro CD-100 Combustible Gas Detector to reduce the risk of fire, explosion or other serious personal injury.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS!

Keep this manual with the tool for use by the operator.

Combustible Gas Detector Safety

- **High concentrations of combustible gases can cause explosions, fires, asphyxia and other hazards that could**

cause serious personal injury or death. Know the characteristics of the gas you are working with and use proper precautions to avoid hazardous conditions.

- **Always turn on and calibrate the gas detector in an area known to be free of combustible gases.** Calibration in an area containing combustible gas will result in incorrect calibration and lower than actual readings. This could result in combustible gases not being detected.

If you have any question concerning this RIDGID product:

- Contact your local RIDGID distributor.
- Visit www.RIDGID.com or www.RIDGID.eu to find your local RIDGID contact point.
- Contact RIDGID Technical Services Department at rttechservices@emerson.com, or in the U.S. and Canada call (800) 519-3456.

Description, Specifications And Standard Equipment

Description

The RIDGID® micro CD-100 Combustible Gas Detector is a gas leak locating tool that is used to identify the presence of and isolate the source location of combustible gases such as methane, propane, butane, ammonia, carbon monoxide and many others (please see back of manual for a more complete list). Even low levels of combustible gas can be detected in seconds.

The micro CD-100 detects gas concentrations through the use of an internal sensor. This sensor is heated during operation. As the heated sensor interacts with gases, the unit immediately indicates to the user that combustible gases are present. The micro CD-100 indicates the presence of combustible gases with visual, audio and vibration feedback mechanisms. There are five (5) threshold levels

of measurement within two (Low and High) settings of sensitivity. When the tool senses the presence of a combustible gas, it will tell the operator by blinking the appropriate light(s), triggering the appropriate audible alert or providing the appropriate vibration alert.

The micro CD-100 comes equipped with an attached flexible 40 cm probe hose.

Specifications

Visual Alert.....	5 Red LEDs; Gas Measuring Levels; Sensitivity Visual Alert
Audible Alert(85 db)	Loud Audible Ticking Rate (w/Continuous Modulation Proportional to Gas Level)
Vibration Alert	Standard
Sensitivity	40 ppm (methane)
Response Time	< 2 Seconds
Range	0 – 6400 ppm (methane)
Sensitivity Level (methane) (HIGH).....	5 Levels: 40/80/160/320/640 ppm
Sensitivity Level (methane) (LOW).....	5 Levels: 400/800/1600/3200/6400 ppm
Warm Up Calibration	Automatic
Warm Up Time.....	50 Seconds Max
Operating Buttons.....	Five: Power ON/OFF, High Sensitivity, Low Sensitivity, Audio Alerts, Vibration Alerts
Batteries	4 x “AA”
Low Battery Status	Low and High Sensitivity LED Solid
Sensor Connection	Plug-In

Expected Sensor Life5 Years
 ProbeFlexible 40 cm
 Weight.....16 oz/450 grams

Measurable Gases

Gases Detected	Common Mixtures That Would Include or Emit More Than One Of These Gases
Methane	Natural Gas*
Hydrogen	
Carbon Monoxide	
Propane	Paint Thinners
Ethylene	
Ethane	
Hexane	Industrial Solvents
Benzene	
Iso-Butane	
Ethanol	Dry Cleaning Fluids
Acetaldehyde	
Formaldehyde	
Toluene	Gasoline
P-Xylene	
Ammonia	
Hydrogen Sulfide	

* Natural Gas typically consists of a high percentage of methane and smaller percentages of propane and other gases.

Features

- 40 cm Adjustable Probe
- Replaceable Sensor
- TRI Mode Detection



Figure 1 – RIDGID micro CD-100 Combustible Gas Detector

Controls

Figure 2 – micro CD-100 Parts

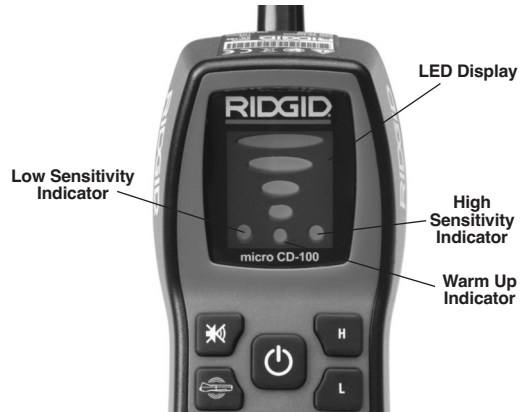
Display

Figure 3 – micro CD-100 Display

Standard Equipment

- micro CD-100
- Batteries 4 x AA
- Replaceable Gas Sensor
- Operator's Manual



Figure 4 – Removing Battery Compartment Cover

Changing/Installing Batteries

The micro CD-100 comes without the batteries installed. If the high sensitivity (yellow) and low sensitivity (white) lights are ON at the same time, this indicates that the batteries need to be replaced.

Remove the batteries prior to long term storage or shipment to prevent battery leakage. Never change batteries in the presence of combustible gases to reduce the risk of explosions, fires and other serious injury.

1. Depress the battery compartment cover catch (See Figure 4) and remove the cover. If needed, remove batteries.
2. Install four AA alkaline batteries (LR6), observing correct polarity as indicated in the battery compartment.
3. Replace the battery compartment cover. Confirm securely attached.
4. Confirm battery cover clasp is locked. (Figure 5)



Figure 5 – Battery Cover Clasp

Pre-Operation Inspection

⚠ WARNING

Before each use, inspect your micro CD-100 and correct any problems to reduce the risk of injury or incorrect measurements.

1. Clean any oil, grease or dirt from equipment. This aids inspection.
2. Inspect the micro CD-100 for any broken, worn, missing, misaligned or binding parts, or any other condition which may prevent safe and normal operation.
3. Check that the warning labels are present, firmly attached and readable. (See Figure 6.)
4. If any issues are found during the inspection, do not use the micro CD-100 until it has been properly serviced.

and OFF. The gas detector will beep once when the Audible Alert is turned ON and OFF. Press and release the Vibration Alert button to turn it ON and OFF. The gas detector will vibrate twice when turning the Vibration Alert ON and vibrate once when turning the Vibration Alert OFF.

6. Enter the area to be monitored. Pay close attention to the gas level indicators (see Table 1). As gas levels increase, more red level lights will come on and the frequency of the Audible Alert beeping and the Vibration Alert vibration will increase. See Table 1 for information on methane concentration levels and gas detector feedback.

Table 1 – Gas Detector Feedback For Methane Concentration Levels

Low Sensitivity White Light ON	High Sensitivity Yellow Light ON	Level Lights					Audible Alert Beeping
		L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	
< 400 ppm	< 40 ppm	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	1 cyc/sec
400...800 ppm	40...80 ppm	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	1.02 cyc/sec
800...1600 ppm	80...160 ppm	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	1.2 cyc/sec
1600...3200 ppm	160...320 ppm	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	1.65 cyc/sec
3200...6400 ppm	320...640 ppm	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	3.25 cyc/sec
> 6400 ppm	> 640 ppm	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	6.25 cyc/sec

* Gas Concentration levels may differ depending on the specific gas detected

When the gas detector is turned ON it is in whatever sensitivity state it was last in. In the low sensitivity setting, the lowest concentration of methane detected is 400 ppm. Switch the sensitivity to the high setting by pressing the high sensitivity button (H). This will be indicated by the yellow light in the bottom right of the display. In the high sensitivity setting, the gas detector is ten times more sensitive, with the lowest concentration of methane detected at 40 ppm. Sensitivity can be changed at any time by pressing the High Sensitivity (H) or Low Sensitivity (L) buttons.

If locating a leak, use the gas detector to find areas of lower gas concentration and follow back to the source. In a piping system, trace the system, stopping at the joints to monitor the gas levels.

7. When gas detection is complete, turn the micro CD-100 OFF by pressing the ON/OFF button.

Maintenance

Cleaning

Do not immerse the micro CD-100 in water. Wipe off dirt with a damp soft cloth. Do not use aggressive cleaning agents or solutions. Treat the instrument as you would a telescope or camera.

Sensor Calibration/Replacement

The micro CD-100 requires no calibration other than that done at regular start up. If the sensor should fail, the sensor (Catalog Part #31948) can be replaced by a RIDGID Independent Authorized Service Center.

Storage

The RIDGID micro CD-100 Combustible Gas Detector must be stored in a dry secure area between -10°C (14°F) and 60°C (158°F).

Store the tool in a locked area out of the reach of children and people unfamiliar with the micro CD-100.

Remove the batteries before any long period of storage or shipping to avoid battery leakage.

Service and Repair

WARNING

Improper service or repair can make the RIDGID micro CD-100 Combustible Gas Detector unsafe to operate.

Service and repair of the micro CD-100 must be performed by a RIDGID Independent Authorized Service Center.

For information on your nearest RIDGID Independent Service Center or any service or repair questions:

- Contact your local RIDGID distributor.
- Visit www.RIDGID.com or www.RIDGID.eu to find your local RIDGID contact point.
- Contact RIDGID Technical Services Department at rttechservices@emerson.com, or in the U.S. and Canada call (800) 519-3456.

Disposal

Parts of the RIDGID micro CD-100 Combustible Gas Detector contain valuable materials and can be recycled. There are companies that specialize in recycling that may be found locally. Dispose of the components in compliance with all applicable regulations. Contact your local waste management authority for more information.



For EC Countries: Do not dispose of electrical equipment with household waste!

According to the European Guideline 2002/96/EC for Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment and its implementation into national legislation, electrical equipment that is no longer usable must be collected separately and disposed of in an environmentally correct manner.

Battery Disposal

For EC countries: Defective or used batteries must be recycled according to the guideline 2006/66/EEC.

Troubleshooting

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE REASON	SOLUTION
High (Yellow) and Low (White) sensitivity lights are ON at the same time.	The battery is discharged (unable to heat the sensor).	The batteries are low and need to be changed.
All display lights are ON at the same time.	The sensor (or the sensor heater) is defective.	Shut OFF unit. Sensor or entire unit should be replaced.